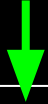


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LS19 - Dictionaries

# Dictionaries

Keys



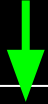
Values



Flavor	Num Orders
Chocolate	12
Vanilla	8
Strawberry	5

# Dictionaries

Keys



Values



Flavor	Num Orders
Chocolate	12
Vanilla	8
Strawberry	5

# Lists

Indexes



Values



0	12
1	8
2	5

Also called: Map, Hashmap, Key-Value Store

# Syntax

Data type:

```
name: dict[<key type>, <value type>]
```

```
ice_cream: dict[str, int]
```

Constructor:

```
dict()
```

# Dictionary Operations

## Adding elements

We use subscription notation.

```
<dict name>[<key>] = <value>
```

```
ice_cream["chocolate"] = 12
```

```
ice_cream["mint"] = 3
```

## Removing elements

Similar to lists, we use pop()

```
<dict name>.pop(<key>)
```

```
ice_cream.pop("mint")
```

## Access + Modify

To access a value, use subscription notation:

```
<dict name>[<key>]
```

```
ice_cream["vanilla"]
```

To modify, also use subscription notation:

```
<dict name>[<key>] = new_value
```

```
ice_cream["vanilla"] = 9 or ice_cream["vanilla"] += 1
```



## Length of dictionary

```
len(<dict name>)
```

```
len(ice_cream)
```

## Check if key in dictionary

```
<key> in <dict name>
```

```
“mint” in ice_cream
```

```
“chocolate” in ice_cream
```

# Important Note: Can't Have Multiple of Same Key

(Duplicate values are okay.)

Keys ↓ Values ↓

Flavor	Num Orders
Chocolate	12
Vanilla	8
Strawberry	5
Chocolate	10

Keys ↓ Values ↓

Flavor	Num Orders
Chocolate	12
Vanilla	8
Strawberry	5
Mint	5